

### 3. Pair of Linear Equations

8 Marks:

1. Solve graphically  $2x - y = 5$  and  $3x + 2y = 11$
2. Solve graphically  $x + 3y = 6$  and  $2x - 3y = 12$
3. Solve graphically  $2x + y - 6 = 0$  and  $4x - 2y - 4 = 0$
4. Solve graphically  $x + y = 4$  and  $2x + y = 3$
5. Solve graphically  $2x + y - 5 = 0$  and  $3x - 2y - 4 = 0$
6. Solve graphically  $2x + 3y = 11$  and  $2x - 4y + 24 = 0$
7. Solve graphically  $3x + 4y = 10$  and  $2x - 2y = 2$
8. Solve graphically  $3x + 4y + 6 = 0$  and  $3x - y - 9 = 0$
9. Solve graphically  $2x + 3y = 13$  and  $4x + 5y = 23$
10. Solve graphically  $x + y = 5$  and  $2x + 2y = 10$
11. Determine whether the equations  $2x - 2y - 2 = 0$  and  $4x - 4y - 5 = 0$  are consistent or inconsistent by drawing the graphs.
12. Draw the graphs of the equations  $x - y + 1 = 0$  and  $3x + 2y - 12 = 0$ . Determine the coordinates of the vertices of the triangle formed by these lines and the x-axis, and shade the triangular region.
13. Solve graphically  $2x + 2y = 8$ ,  $2x - 3y = 1$
14. Solve graphically  $2x - y + 3 = 0$ ,  $3x - 5y + 1 = 0$
15. Solve graphically  $3x - y = 7$  and  $2x + 5y + 1 = 0$
16. Solve graphically  $x - y + 1 = 0$  and  $3x + 2y - 12 = 0$
17. Solve graphically  $2x + y = 6$  and  $y = 2x + 2$
18. Solve graphically  $2x - 4 - 5 = 0$  and  $x - y - 3 = 0$
19. By the graphical method, find whether the following of equation are consistent or not  $3x + y - 5 = 0$ ,  $2x - y - 5 = 0$ . If consistent, find its solution from the graph.
20. Solve graphically  $2x - 3y = 1$ ,  $4x - 3y + 1 = 0$
21. Solve graphically  $2x - y - 2 = 0$ ,  $4x - y - 4 = 0$

1 Mark:

- 1) The general form of linear equation in two variables is \_\_\_\_\_
- 2) Write a linear equation in two variables such that the general representation of the pair so formed is parallel to  $2x - 3y + 5 = 0$
- 3)  $a_1x + b_1y + c_1 = 0$  and  $a_2x + b_2y + c_2 = 0$  are the pair of L.E., then match the following.
  - a)  $\frac{a_1}{a_2} = \frac{b_1}{b_2} = \frac{c_1}{c_2}$  i) Intersecting lines
  - b)  $\frac{a_1}{a_2} \neq \frac{b_1}{b_2}$  ii) Parallel lines
  - c)  $\frac{a_1}{a_2} = \frac{b_1}{b_2} \neq \frac{c_1}{c_2}$  iii) Coincident lines
- 4) The graph of linear equations in two variables represents a \_\_\_\_\_
- 5) Express the given situation as a linear equation "The cost of 5 pencils and 7 pens together is ₹ 50".
- 6) The pair of equations  $y = 2$  and  $y = -3$  has \_\_\_\_\_ solution
- 7) Find the point of intersection of the lines  $x = 2$  and  $y = 3$ ?
- 8) i) Check whether  $5x - 3y = 11$  and  $10x - 6y = 22$  are consistent or inconsistent ii)  $2x - 3y = 8$       iii)  $3x + 2y = 5$   
 $4x - 6y = 9$        $2x - 3y = 7$
- 9) The area of triangle formed by the lines  $y = x$ ,  $x = 6$  and  $y = 0$  is \_\_\_\_\_
- 10) The area of triangle formed by the lines  $x = 3$ ,  $y = 4$  and  $x = y$  is \_\_\_\_\_
- 11) The sum of the digits of a two digit number is 9. If 27 is added to it, the digits of the number get reversed. The number is \_\_\_\_\_
- 12) Draw rough diagrams representing i) intersecting lines  
ii) parallel lines      iii) coincident lines
- 13) i) Point on positive x-axis is \_\_\_\_\_ ii) point on negative x-axis is \_\_\_\_\_  
iii) Point on positive y-axis is \_\_\_\_\_ iv) point on negative y-axis is \_\_\_\_\_